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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/259,589	03/01/1999	DAVID JOHN MARTIN PATTERSON	06502.0225	5471	
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FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW			TANG, KENNETH		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			2127		
			DATE MAILED: 03/08/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	•			
Office Action Summary		09/259,589	PATTERSON, DA MARTIN	AVID JOHN			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Kenneth Tang	2127				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover shee	ot with the correspondence ac	idress			
THE - Exte afte - If th - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repoperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, m ply within the statutory minimum of d will apply and will expire SIX (6) te, cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this one ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05</u> i	November 2004.					
'=	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	tion of Claims			1			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration					
Applica	tion Papers						
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10)	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure. See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received nts have been received ority documents have b au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this Nationa	I Stage			
Attachme	nt(s)						
	ice of References Cited (PTO-892)		iew Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🛛 Info	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/5/04</u> .		No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PT:	O-152)			
	Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This final action is in response to the Amendment in 11/1/04. Applicant's arguments with

respect to claims 1-21 have been fully considered but are now moot in view of the new grounds

of rejections.

2. Claims 1-21 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement filed 11/5/04 fails to comply with 37 CFR

1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent

literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that

portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information

referred to therein has not been considered. US Statutory Invention Registration H1,1894 and

US Statutory Invention Registration H1,964 are non-patent literature publications.

4. EP 0 537 509 A2 (Serpanos) from the Information Disclose Statement was used in the

new grounds of rejections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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5. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

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the invention:

a. In claim 1, "call duration value associated with the second process" and

"communication" are indefinite because it is not made explicitly clear in the claim

language whether this call is a communication with an operating system call or a

telephone call.

b. In claim 1, "the first process retrying requesting of the resource at a later time

based on the indication" is indefinite because it is unclear in the claim language why

requesting even needs to be retried. An essential step is omitted in the claim language

which should relate that the first attempt to requesting of the resource was unsatisfactory

or that it had failed, for example.

c. Claims 10-12 and 17 are rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of

claim 1 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonough et al. (hereinafter McDonough) (US 6,070,142) in view of Simor (US 5,060,150), and further in view of Serpanos (EP 0 537 509 A2).

- As to claim 1, McDonough teaches a resource manager operable to control allocation of a resource to competing computing processes including at least a first process and a second process (col. 9, lines 13-22), the resource manager being responsive to identification of a thread for the first process requesting allocation of the resource (col. 10, lines 4-32), when the resource is already allocated to a thread for the second process, to establish a joining function to the thread for the second process and to provide an indication to the first process of an expected time before the resource will become available determined based on a call duration value of a communication associated with the second process (col. 15, lines 30-33 and col. 12, lines 60-67), and the resource manager being operable in response to termination of the thread for the second process to allocate the resource to the thread for the first process (col. 5, lines 35-44).
- 8. McDonough fails to explicitly teach that the resource manager is notified when the process is finished before it performs the termination. However, Simor teaches using monitors to notify resource managers when an allocating process terminates and that the resource be released by the resource manager itself after being notified (col. 17, lines 55-68). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of the resource manager being notified when the process is finished before it performs the termination because it provides a simple, efficient, and configurable way of passing control between functions and of synchronizing functions (col. 18, lines 1-3).

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9. McDonough and Simor fail to explicitly teach the first process retrying requesting of the

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resource at a later time based on the indication. However, Serpanos teaches an adaptive

scheduling scheme for dynamic service allocation on a shared resource (see title) that requests an

additional service again (retrying requesting of the resource) based on the waiting time (the

indication) (col. 6, lines 40-41, col. 7, lines 13-17, col. 1, lines 26-33). It would have been

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the

feature of retrying requesting of the resource at a later time based on the indication to the

existing resource manager allocating system of McDonough in view of Simor because this would

yield higher throughput, increase fairness, and less waiting time, for example (col. 4, lines 11-

40).

10. As to claim 2, McDonough teaches wherein the resource manager comprises object

oriented computer software operable in an object oriented environment (col. 5, lines 40-44 and

col. 9, lines 57-58).

11. As to claim 3, McDonough teaches wherein the first and second processes are software

applications operable in the object oriented environment (col. 5, lines 40-44 and col. 9, lines 57-

58).

12. As to claim 4, McDonough in view of Simor fails to explicitly teach wherein the software

applications comprise one or more bean objects registrable with the resource manager.

However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing that one

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or more (JAVA) bean objects registrable with the resource manager is well known and expected

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in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to include the feature of one or more bean objects registrable with the resource

manager to the existing system of McDonough and Simor in order for the developer to utilize the

benefits of reusuable, embeddable modular software components.

13. As to claim 5, McDonough and Simor fail to explicitly teach wherein the resource

manager comprises one or more objects of the Java language. However, "Official Notice" is

taken that both the concept and advantages of providing that a resource manager comprises one

or more objects of the Java language is well known and expected in the art. It would have been

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a

resource manager comprising one or more objects to the existing system and method of

McDonough and Simor because it is a preferred language for object oriented programming.

- 14. As to claim 6, McDonough teaches an object for acquiring a device (col. 3, lines 10-12).
- 15. As to claim 7, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejections of claims 1 and

5.

16. As to claim 8, McDonough teaches the resource manager operable to control access by a

plurality of telecommunications applications to a telephony device in a telecommunications

apparatus (see Abstract).

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- 17. As to claim 9, McDonough teaches the resource manager comprising a dispatch mechanism for controlling dispatching of a call received by the telephony device to the telecommunications applications (see Abstract).
- 18. As to claim 10, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1.
- 19. As to claim 11, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1.
- 20. As to claim 12, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1. In addition, McDonough teaches at least one telephony resource for connection to a telecommunications network (see Abstract).
- 21. As to claim 13, McDonough teaches wherein the telephony resource is an interface to the telecommunications network (col. 1, lines 63-66, col. 9, lines 23-26 and 56-67).
- 22. As to claim 14, McDonough in view of Simor fails to explicitly teach wherein the telephony resource is a modern. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing that a modern being used as a telephony resource is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of a modern as a telephony resource to the existing

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system and method of McDonough and Simor in order to use the telephone line to provide communication between computers.

- 23. As to claim 15, McDonough teaches wherein the computing processes comprise call processing applications (col. 15, lines 20-23).
- As to claim 16, McDonough teaches wherein the call processing applications comprise at least one application selected from a call answering application, a voicemail application, a facsimile application; and a data application (col. 3, lines 11-12).
- 25. As to claims 17-19, they are rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claims 1, 5, and 8, respectively.
- 26. As to claim 20, McDonough teaches wherein the telephony device provides an interface to a telecommunications network (col. 1, lines 63-66, col. 9, lines 23-26 and 56-67).
- 27. As to claim 21, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 14.

Response to Arguments

28. Applicant argues on page 8 that amending the claim with "of a communication" overcomes the previous $112\ 2^{nd}$ rejection.

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In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Both operating system call and a telephone call are both a source of communication. This amendment does not overcome the previous indefinite rejection.

29. Applicant argues on pages 9-10 that McDonough does not teach "an indication to the first process of the expected time before the resource will become available determined based on a call duration value" and gives the specific example – nothing in McDonough suggests that the "desired timeframe" is determined based on a call duration value.

Applicant avoids mentioning the relevant portions of the cited sections from the Examiner but instead points to other parts that are not related to the invention. McDonough teaches the call duration value (the "expected" call arrival time) (col. 12, line 61, for example). In addition, Serpanos teaches the expected time before the resource will become available determined based on a call duration value (waiting time).

Conclusion

Applicant's submission of an information disclosure statement under 37 CFR 1.97(c) with the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p) on 11/5/04 prompted the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 609(B)(2)(i). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Tang whose telephone number is (571) 272-3772. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM - 6:00PM, Every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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